

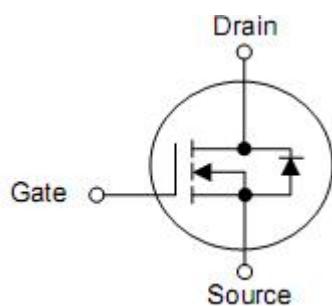
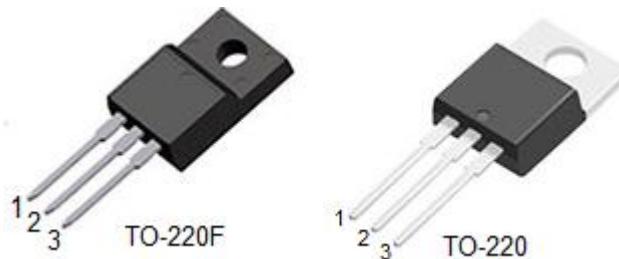
1. Features

- $R_{DS(ON)}=1.6\Omega(\text{typ.}) @ V_{GS}=10V$
- RoHS Compliant
- Low Gate Charge Minimize Switching Loss
- Fast Recovery Body Diode

2. Applications

- Adaptor
- Charger
- SMPS Standby Power

3. Symbol



| Pin | Function |
|-----|----------|
| 1 | Gate |
| 2 | Drain |
| 3 | Source |

4. Ordering Information

| Part Number | Package | Brand |
|-------------|---------|-------|
| KNF4590A | TO-220F | KIA |
| KNP4590A | TO-220 | KIA |

5. Absolute maximum ratings

$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | | Units |
|---|---------------------------------|------------|--------|------------------|
| | | TO-220F | TO-220 | |
| Drain-source voltage | V_{DSS} | 900 | | V |
| Gate-to-Source Voltage | V_{GSS} | ± 30 | | V |
| Continuous drain current | I_D | 6 | | A |
| Pulsed Drain Current at $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$ | I_{DM} | 24 | | A |
| Single pulse avalanche energy | E_{AS} | 700 | | mJ |
| Power dissipation | $T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$ | P_D | 45 | 120 |
| | Derate above 25°C | | 0.29 | 0.96 |
| Soldering Temperature Distance of 1.6mm from case for 10 seconds | T_L | 300 | | $^\circ\text{C}$ |
| Operating junction and storage temperature range | T_J, T_{STG} | -55 to 150 | | $^\circ\text{C}$ |

Caution: Stresses greater than those listed in the "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device.

6. Thermal characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Rating | | Unit |
|---|-----------------|---------|--------|---------------------------|
| | | TO-220F | TO-220 | |
| Thermal resistance junction-case | $R_{\theta JC}$ | 2.78 | 1.04 | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 100 | 62 | $^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$ |

7. Electrical characteristics

($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Parameter | Symbol | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|---|----------------------------|--|-----|------|-----------|---------------|
| Drain-source breakdown voltage | BV_{DSS} | $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$ | 900 | - | - | V |
| Drain-source leakage current | I_{DSS} | $V_{\text{DS}}=900\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$ | - | - | 1 | μA |
| | | $V_{\text{DS}}=720\text{V}, T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ | - | - | 100 | μA |
| Gate-source forward leakage | I_{GSS} | $V_{\text{GS}}=\pm 30\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$ | - | - | ± 100 | nA |
| Drain-source on-resistance | $R_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$ | $V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=3\text{A}$ | - | 1.6 | 2.0 | Ω |
| Gate threshold voltage | $V_{\text{GS}(\text{TH})}$ | $V_{\text{DS}}=V_{\text{GS}}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$ | 3.0 | - | 5.0 | V |
| Forward Transconductance | g_{fs} | $V_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=3\text{A}$ | - | 8.0 | - | S |
| Input capacitance | C_{iss} | $V_{\text{DS}}=25\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$ $f=1\text{MHz}$ | - | 1462 | - | pF |
| Reverse transfer capacitance | C_{rss} | | - | 24 | - | pF |
| Output capacitance | C_{oss} | | - | 132 | - | pF |
| Total gate charge(10V) | Q_g | $V_{\text{DD}}=450\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=6\text{A}$ $V_{\text{GS}}=0\sim 10\text{V}$ | - | 38 | - | nC |
| Gate-source charge | Q_{gs} | | - | 8.1 | - | nC |
| Gate-drain charge | Q_{gd} | | - | 15 | - | nC |
| Turn-on delay time | $t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$ | $V_{\text{DD}}=450\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V},$ $R_{\text{G}}=9.1\Omega, I_{\text{D}}=6\text{A}$ | | 23 | | ns |
| Rise time | t_r | | | 46 | | ns |
| Turn-off delay time | $t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$ | | | 32 | | ns |
| Fall time | t_f | | | 38 | | ns |
| Continuous Source Current ²⁾ | I_{SD} | Integral PN-diode in MOSFET | | | 6 | A |
| Pulsed Source Current ²⁾ | I_{SM} | | - | - | 24 | A |
| Diode forward voltage | V_{SD} | $I_{\text{S}}=6\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V},$ | - | - | 1.5 | V |
| Reverse Recovery Time | t_{rr} | $V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{F}}=I_{\text{S}}$ $dI_{\text{F}}/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | - | 390 | - | nS |
| Reverse Recovery Charge | Q_{rr} | | - | 1.4 | - | nC |

Note:

1) $T_J=+25^\circ\text{C}$ to $+150^\circ\text{C}$

2) Pulse width $\leq 380\mu\text{s}$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

8. Typical operating characteristics

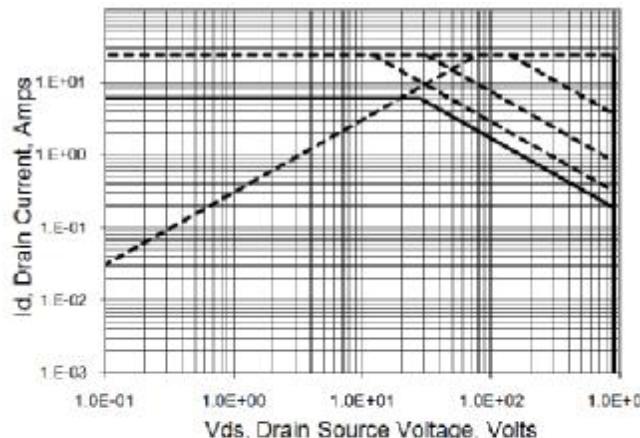
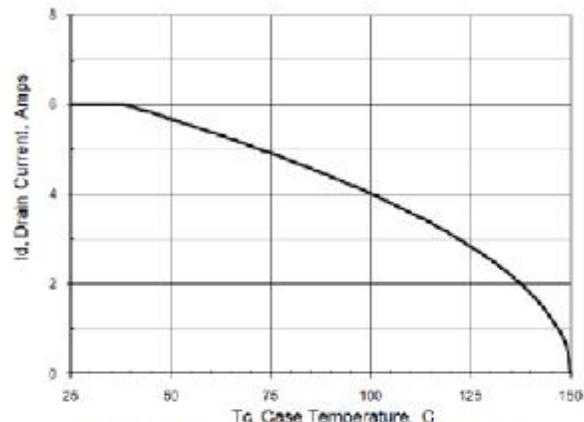
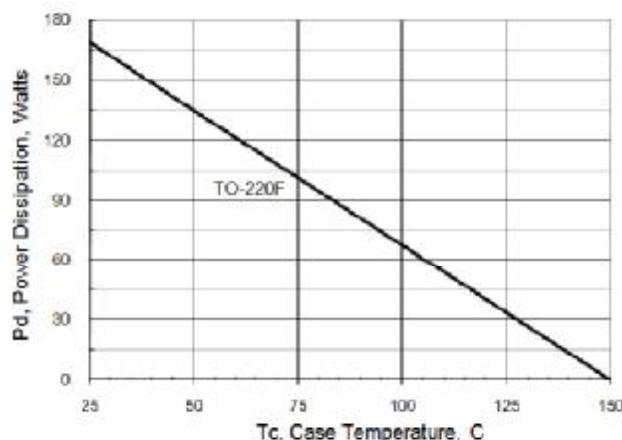


Figure 1 . Maximum Safe Operating Area



**Figure 2 .Maximum Continuous Drain Current
vs Case Temperature**



**Figure 3.1 . Maximum Power Dissipation vs
Case Temperature**

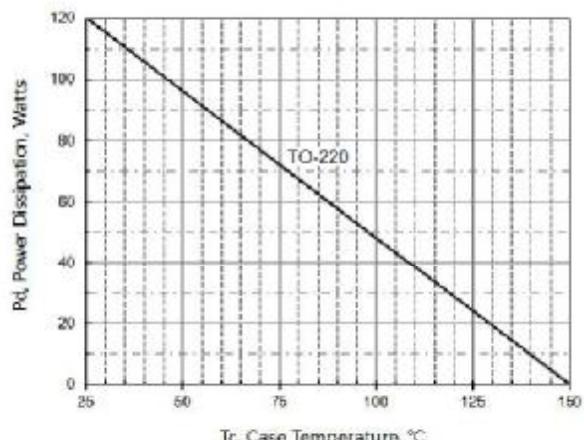


Figure 3.2. Max. Power Dissipation vs Case Temperature

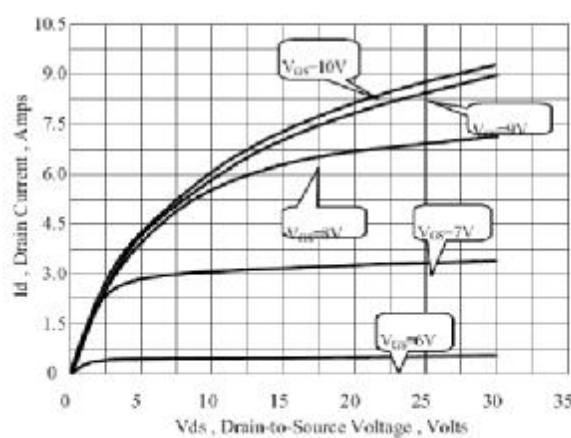


Figure 4 Typical Output Characteristics

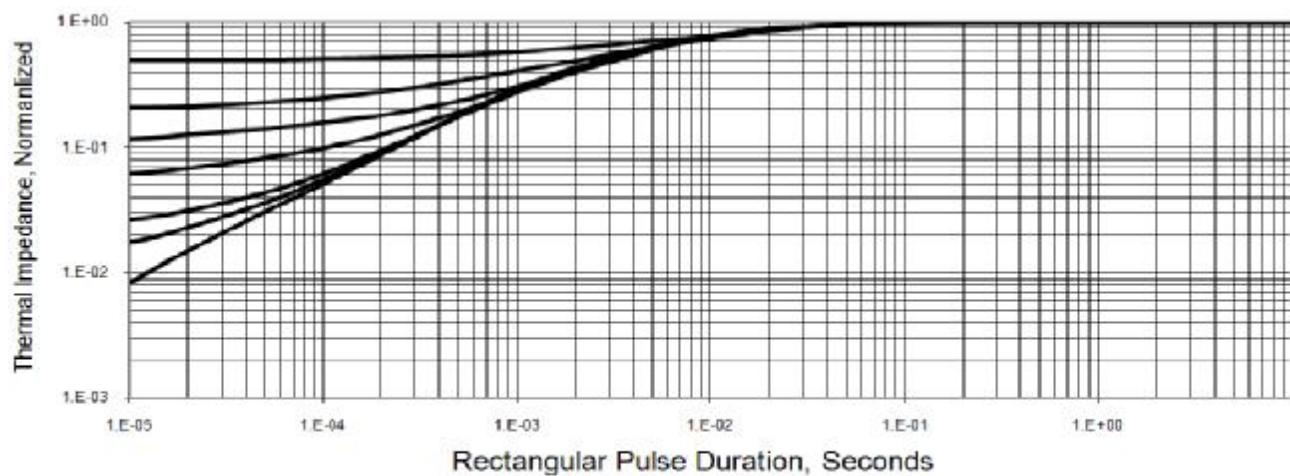


Figure 5. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

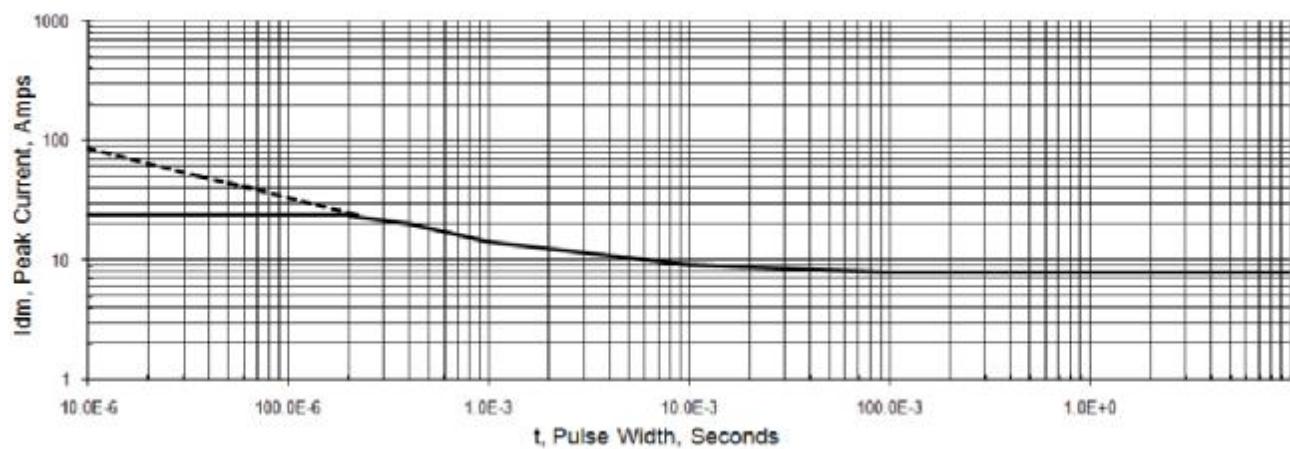


Figure 6. Peak Current Capability

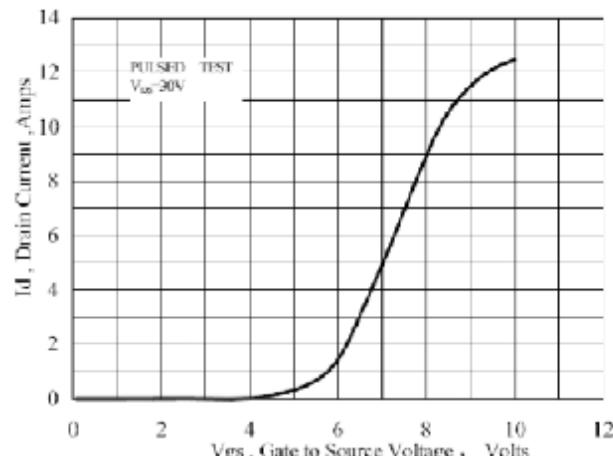


Figure 7 Typical Transfer Characteristics

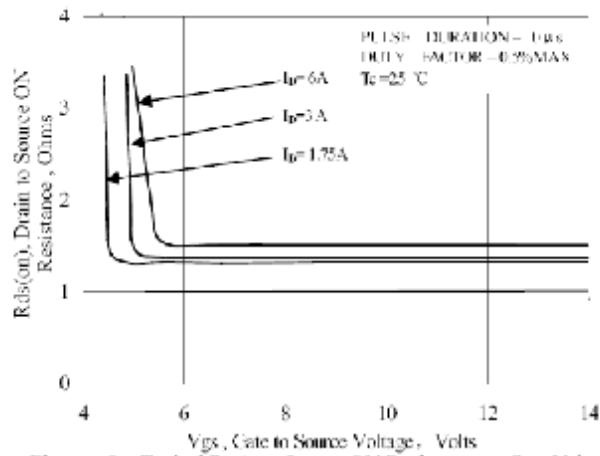


Figure 8 Typical Drain to Source ON Resistance vs Gate Voltage and Drain Current

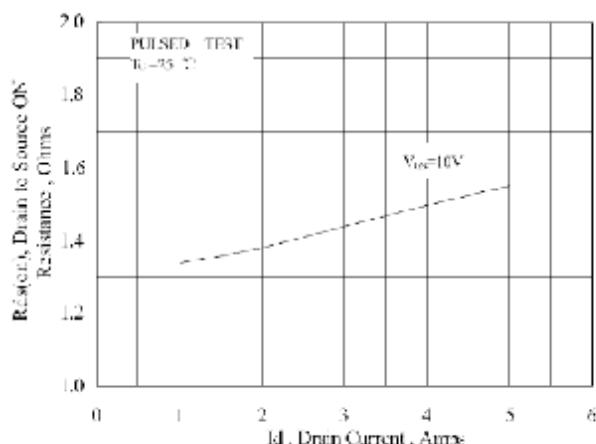


Figure 9 Typical Drain to Source ON Resistance vs Drain Current

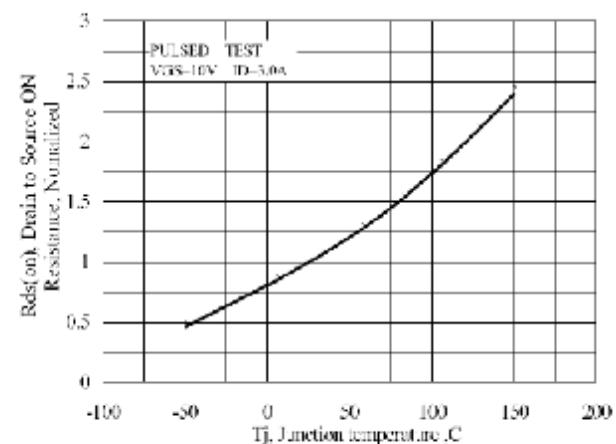


Figure 10 Typical Drain to Source on Resistance vs Junction Temperature

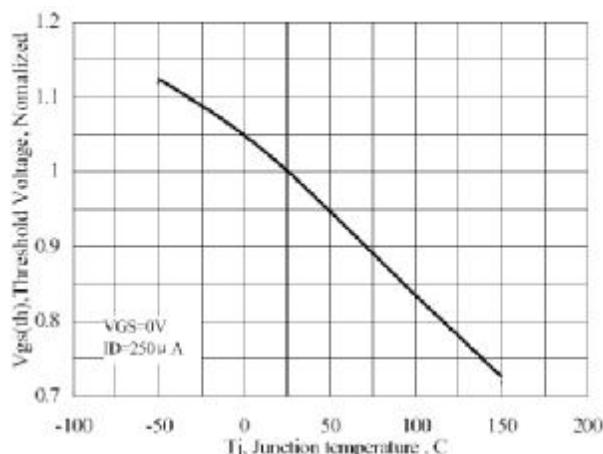


Figure 11 Typical Threshold Voltage vs Junction Temperature

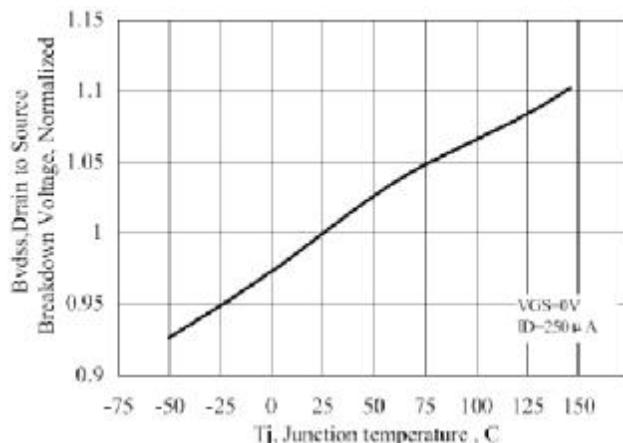


Figure 12 Typical Breakdown Voltage vs Junction Temperature

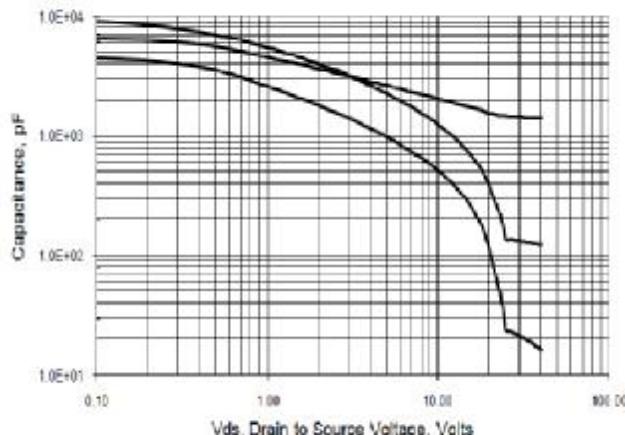


Figure 13. Capacitance vs Vds

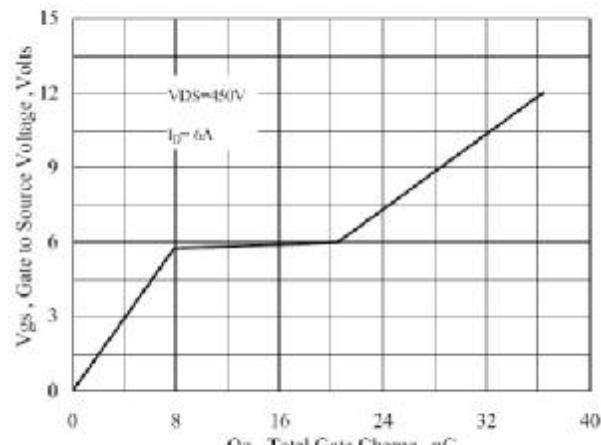


Figure 14 Typical Gate Charge vs Gate to Source Voltage

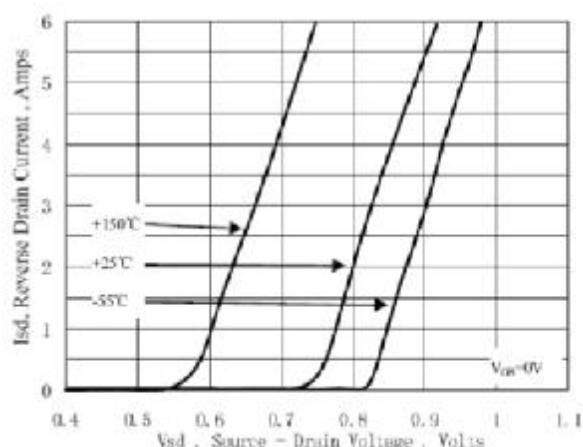


Figure 15 Typical Body Diode Transfer Characteristics

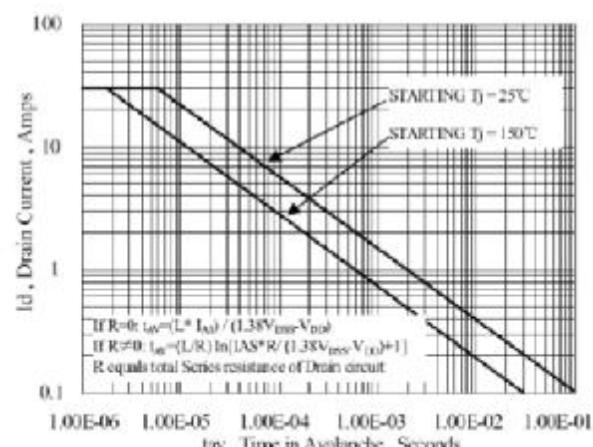


Figure 16 Unclamped Inductive Switching Capability

9. Test Circuits and Waveforms

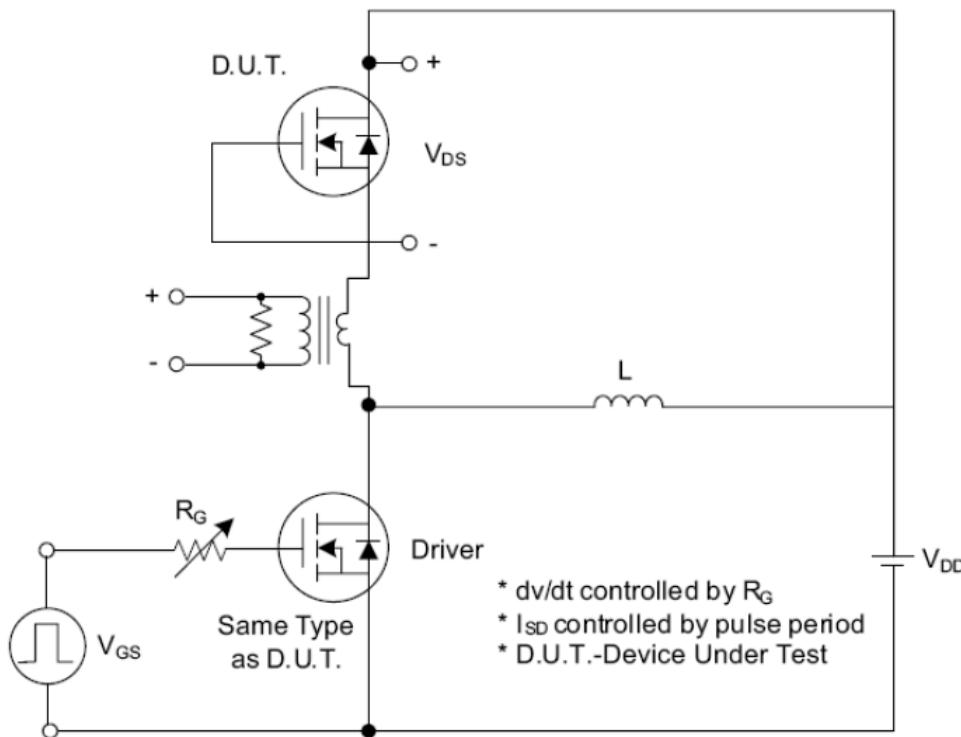


Fig. 1.1 Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit

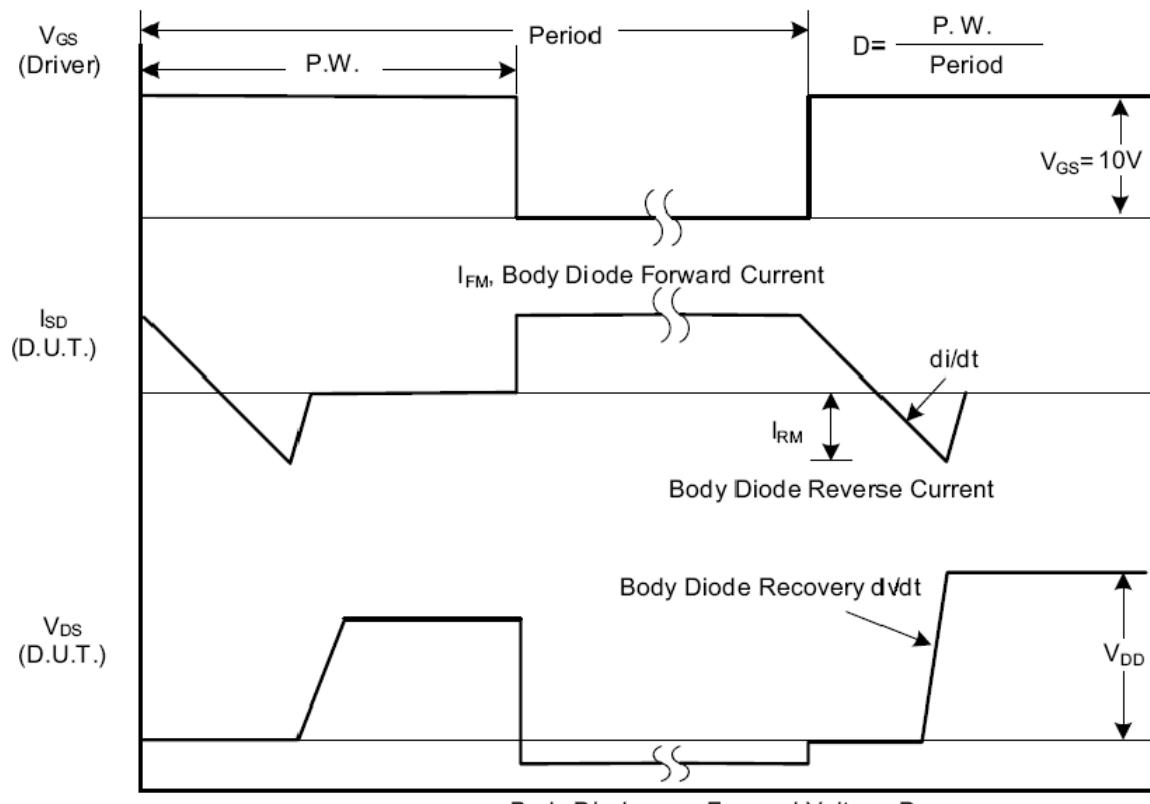


Fig. 1.2 Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Waveforms

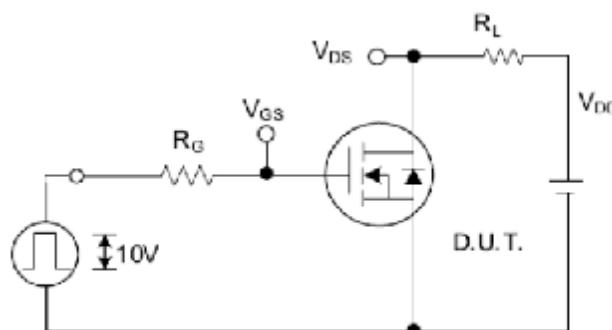


Fig. 2.1 Switching Test Circuit

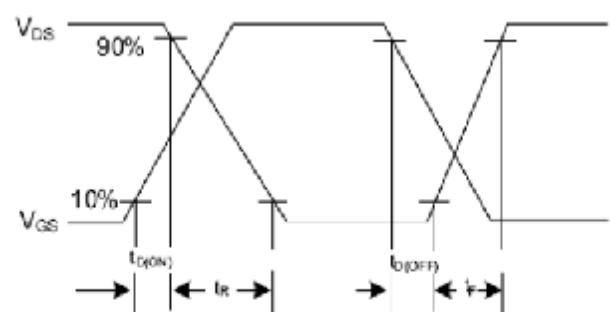


Fig. 2.2 Switching Waveforms

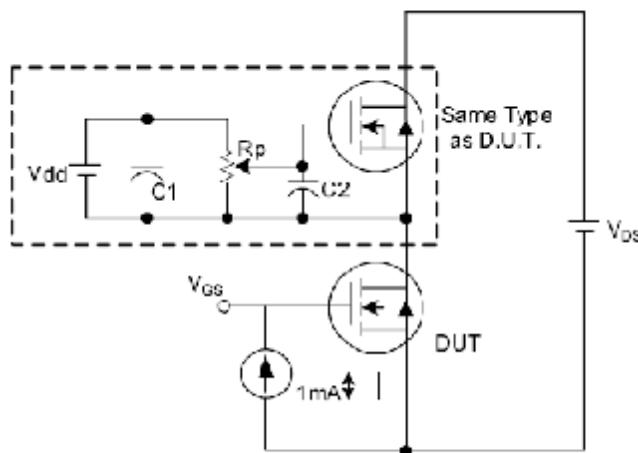


Fig. 3.1 Gate Charge Test Circuit

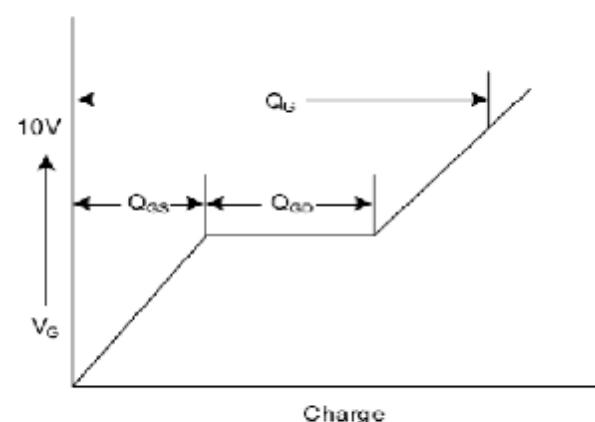


Fig. 3.2 Gate Charge Waveform

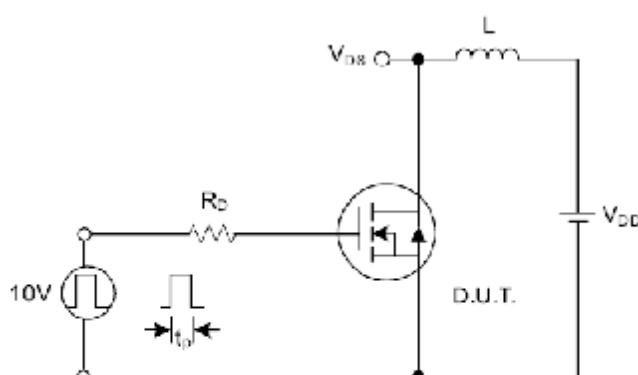


Fig. 4.1 Unclamped Inductive Switching Test Circuit

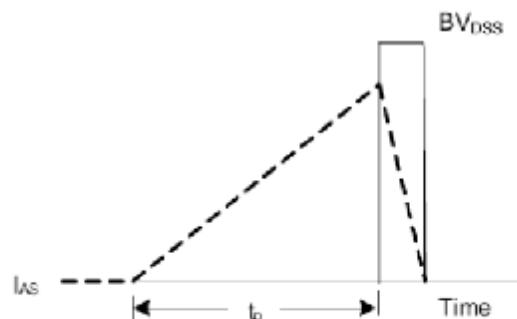


Fig. 4.2 Unclamped Inductive Switching Waveforms