

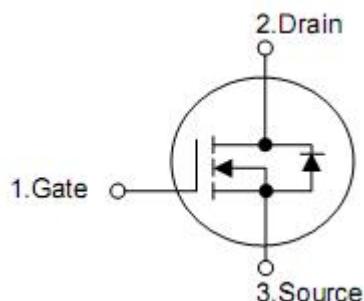
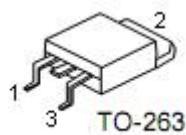
1. Features

- Uses CRM(CQ)advanced Trench technology
- Extremely low on-resistance $R_{DS(on)}$
- Excellent $Q_g \times R_{DS(on)}$ product(FOM)
- Qualified according to JEDEC criteria

2. Features

- $R_{DS(on)}=7\text{m}\Omega$ (typ.)@ $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$
- Motor control and drive
- Battery management
- UPS (Uninterruptible Power Supplies)

3. Pin configuration



Pin	Function
1	Gate
2	Drain
3	Source

4. Ordering Information

Part Number	Package	Brand
KNB3112A	TO-263	KIA

5. Absolute maximum ratings

TC=25 °C unless otherwise specified

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Unit
Drain-to-Source Voltage	V _{DSS}	120	V
Continuous Drain Current	I _D	110	A
T _C =100 °C	70		
Pulsed drain current (T _C = 25°C, t _p limited by T _{jmax})	I _{DP}	440	
Avalanche energy, single pulse (L=0.5mH, R _g =25Ω)	E _{AS}	256	mJ
Gate-Source voltage	V _{GS}	±25	V
Power dissipation (TC = 25 °C)	P _D	254	W
Junction & Storage Temperature Range	T _J & T _{STG}	-55 to 150	°C
Soldering temperature, wave soldering only allowed at leads (1.6mm from case for 10s)	T _{sold}	260	°C

6. Thermal characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Ratings	Units
Thermal resistance, junction-ambient ¹	R _{θJA} ²	91	°C/W
Thermal resistance, Junction-case ¹	R _{θJC}	0.49	

7. Electrical characteristics

($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise notes)

Parameter	Symbol	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Static characteristics						
Drain-source breakdown voltage	BV_{DSS}	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	120	-	-	V
Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	$I_{\text{DS}(\text{ss})}$	$V_{\text{DS}}=120\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1	μA
		$V_{\text{DS}}=120\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	200	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	$V_{\text{DS}}=V_{\text{GS}}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	2	3	4	V
Gate leakage current	I_{GSS}	$V_{\text{GS}}=\pm 25\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$	-	± 10	± 100	nA
Drain-source on-resistance ²	$R_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=30\text{A}, T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	7	10	$\text{m}\Omega$
Forward Transconductance	g_{fs}	$V_{\text{DS}}=5\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=75\text{A}$	-	150	-	S
Dynamic characteristics						
Gate Resistance	R_G	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$ Frequency=1MHz	-	1.5	-	Ω
Input capacitance	C_{iss}	$V_{\text{DS}}=60\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, F=1\text{MHz}$	-	6000	-	pF
Output capacitance	C_{oss}		-	412	-	pF
Reverse transfer capacitance	C_{rss}		-	130	-	pF
Turn-on delay time	$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	$V_{\text{DD}}=60\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=75\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, R_G=2.7\Omega$	-	20	-	ns
Rise time	t_r		-	103	-	ns
Turn-off delay time	$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$		-	62	-	ns
Fall time	t_f		-	110	-	ns
Gate Charge Characteristics						
Total gate charge	Q_g	$V_{\text{DS}}=60\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=75\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, F=1\text{MHz}$	-	128	-	nC
Gate-source charge	Q_{gs}		-	30	-	nC
Gate-drain charge	Q_{gd}		-	46	-	nC
Diode characteristics						
Diode forward voltage ²	V_{SD}	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{SD}}=75\text{A}$	-	0.9	1.3	V
Body Diode Continuous Forward Current ²	I_s	$T_c=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	110	A
Reverse recovery time	t_{rr}	$I_F=75\text{A}$ $DI_F/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	60	-	ns
Reverse recovery charge	Q_{rr}		-	150	-	nC

Note:1.The data tested by surface mounted on a 1 inch² FR-4 board with 20Z copper.

2.The data tested by pulsed, pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$,duty cycle $\leq 2\%$

3.The value of R_{thJA} is measured by placing the device in a still air box which is one cubic foot.

8. Typical Characteristics

Fig 1: Output Characteristics

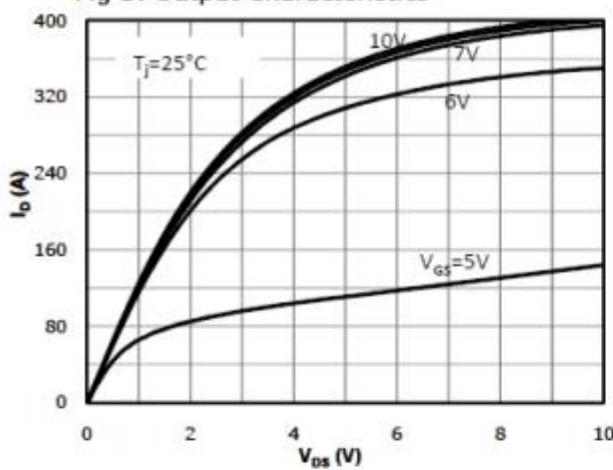


Fig 2: Transfer Characteristics

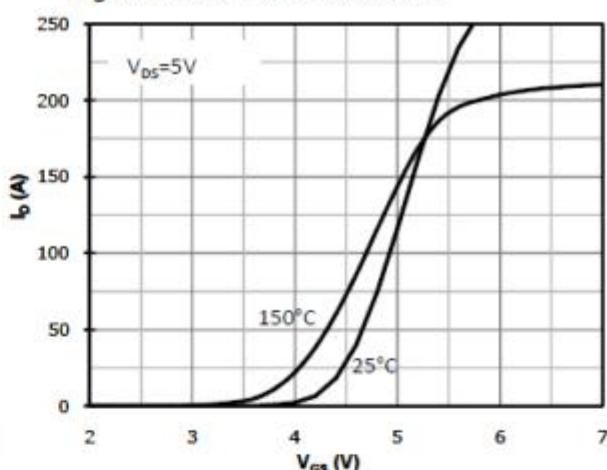


Fig 3: $R_{ds(on)}$ vs Drain Current and Gate Voltage

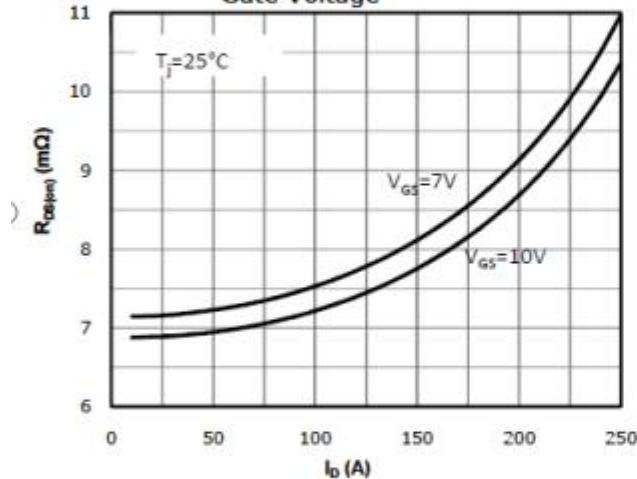


Fig 4: $R_{ds(on)}$ vs Gate Voltage

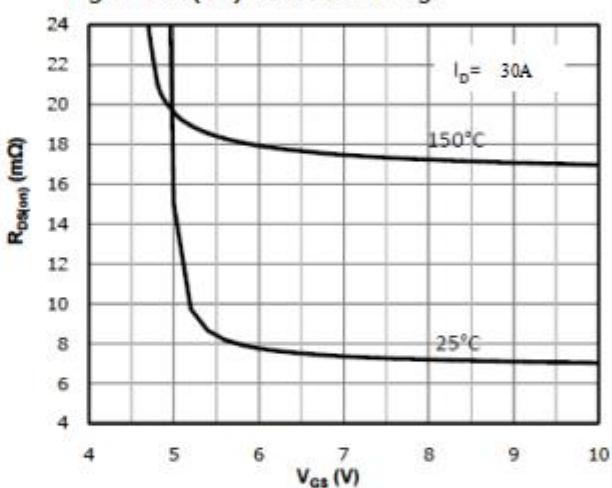


Fig 5: $R_{ds(on)}$ vs. Temperature

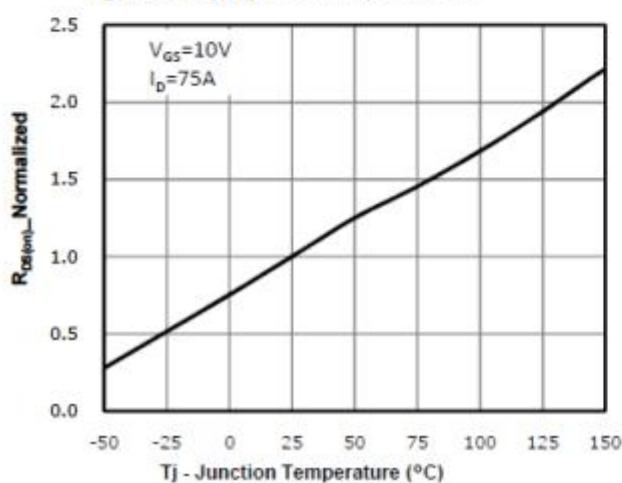


Fig 6: Capacitance Characteristics

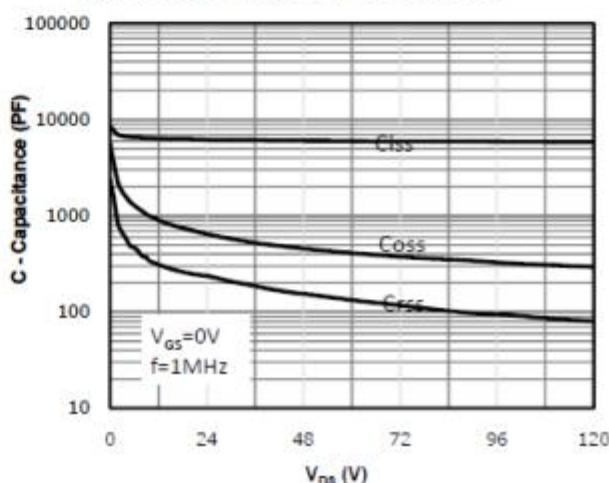


Fig 7: Gate Charge Characteristics

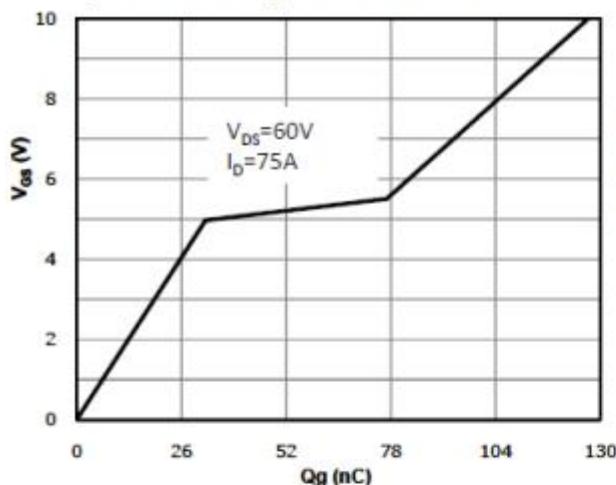


Fig 8: Body-diode Forward Characteristics

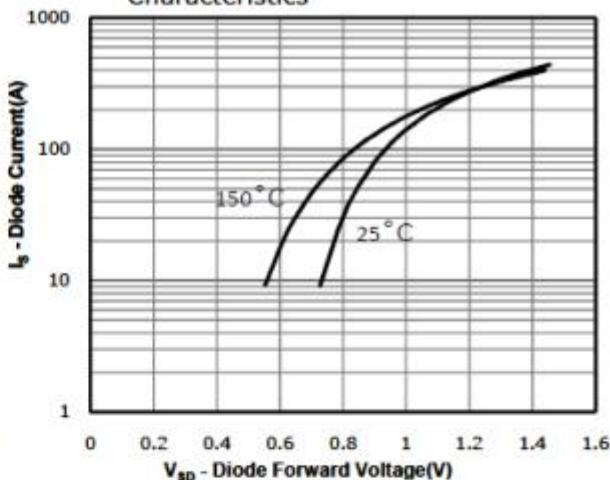


Fig 9: Power Dissipation

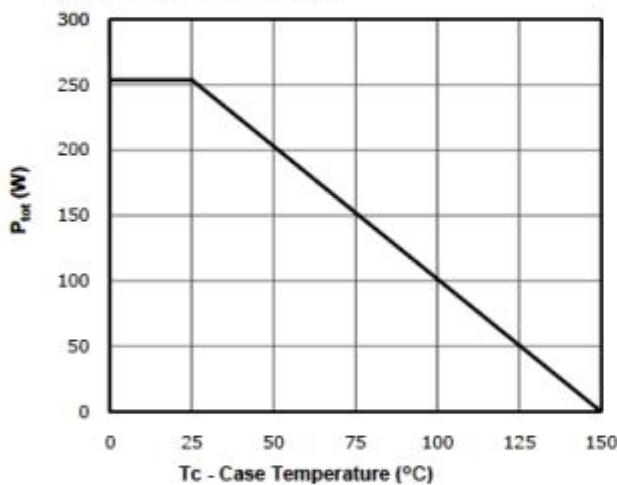


Fig 10: Drain Current Derating

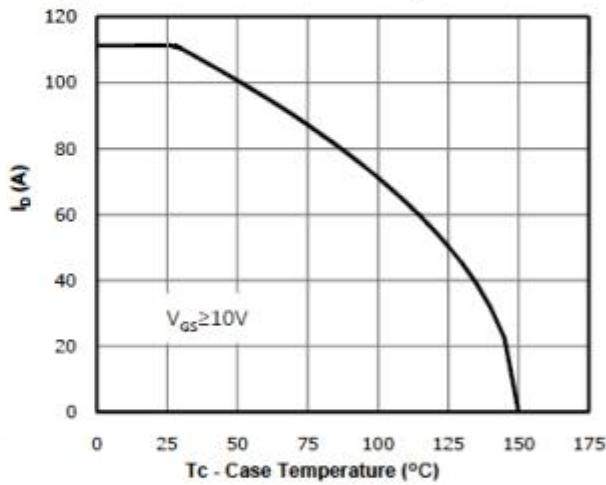


Fig 11: Safe Operating Area

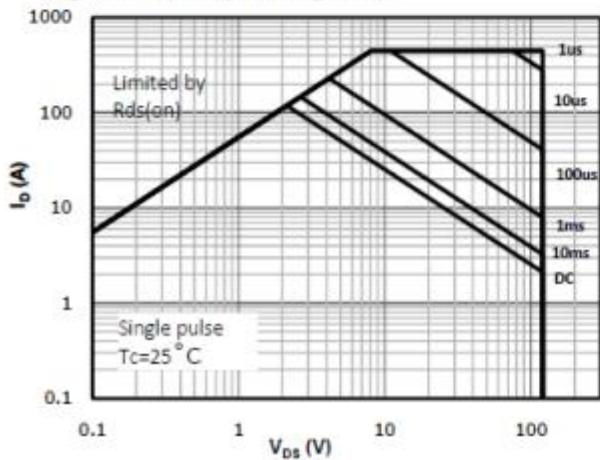


Fig 12: Max. Transient Thermal Impedance

