

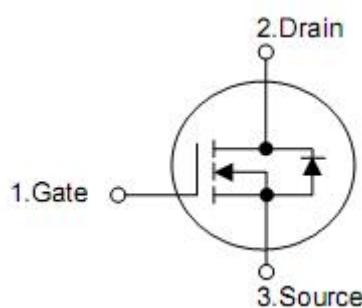
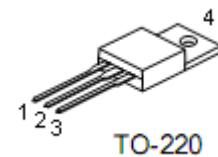
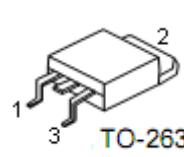
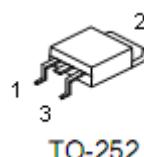
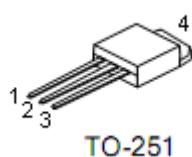
## 1. Description

This Power MOSFET is produced using KIA's advanced planar stripe DMOS technology. This advanced technology has been especially tailored to minimize on-state resistance, provide superior switching performance, and withstand high energy pulse in the avalanche and commutation mode. These devices are well suited for high efficiency switched mode power supplies, active power factor correction based on half bridge topology.

## 2. Features

- $R_{DS(on)}=3.1\text{m}\Omega$  @  $V_{GS}=10\text{V}$
- Improved dv/dt capability
- Fast switching
- Green device available

## 3. Symbol



Pin	Function
1	Gate
2	Drain
3	Source

#### 4. Absolute maximum ratings

( $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ ,unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating		Units
		To-251/252	To-220/263	
Drain-source voltage	$V_{DSS}$	30		V
Gate-source voltage	$V_{GSS}$	$\pm 20$		V
Continuous drain current	$I_D$	90		A
		57		A
Pulse drain current (note 1)	$I_{DP}$	360		A
Avalanche current (note 2)	$I_{AS}$	50		A
Avalanche energy, (note 2)	$E_{AS}$	125		mJ
Maximum power dissipation	$P_D$	88	158	W
		0.59	1.06	W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Junction & storage temperature range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55-175		$^\circ\text{C}$

#### 5. Thermal characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Thermal resistance, Junction-ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	62	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Thermal resistance, Junction-case	$R_{\theta JC}$	1.7	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$

## 6. Electrical characteristics

( $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Test Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
Drain-source breakdown voltage	$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{DS}}=250\mu\text{A}$	30	-	-	V
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$ temperature coefficient	$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}} / \Delta T_J$	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_D=1\text{mA}$	-	0.03	-	$^\circ\text{C}$
Zero gate voltage drain current	$I_{\text{DSS}}$	$V_{\text{DS}}=30\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1	$\mu\text{A}$
		$V_{\text{DS}}=24\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	10	
Gate threshold voltage	$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	$V_{\text{DS}}=V_{\text{GS}}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	1.2	1.6	2.5	V
$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$ temperature coefficient	$\Delta V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	$V_{\text{DS}}=V_{\text{GS}}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$	-	-5	-	$\text{mV}/^\circ\text{C}$
Gate leakage current	$I_{\text{GSS}}$	$V_{\text{GS}}=\pm 20\text{V}, V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA
Drain-source on-resistance(note3)	$R_{\text{DS}(\text{on})}$	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, I_D=24\text{A}$ (To-251/252)	-	3.1	4	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, I_D=24\text{A}$ (To-220,263)	-	4.0	5.0	
		$V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}, I_D=12\text{A}$	-	4.5	6	
Forward transconductance	$g_{\text{fs}}$	$V_{\text{DS}}=10\text{V}, I_D=10\text{A}$	-	15.5	-	S
Gate resistance	$R_g$	$V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	-	2	4	$\Omega$
Input capacitance	$C_{\text{iss}}$	$V_{\text{DS}}=25\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$	-	2200	3190	$\text{pF}$
Output capacitance	$C_{\text{oss}}$		-	280	410	
Reverse transfer capacitance	$C_{\text{rss}}$		-	177	260	
Turn-on delay time(note 3,4)	$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	$V_{\text{DD}}=15\text{V}, I_D=15\text{A}, R_G=3.3\Omega, V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$	-	12.6	24	$\text{nS}$
Rise time(note 3,4)	$t_r$		-	19.5	37	
Turn-off delay time(note 3,4)	$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$		-	42.8	81	
Fall time(note 3,4)	$t_f$		-	13.2	25	
Total gate charge(note 3,4)	$Q_g$	$V_{\text{DS}}=15\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}$ $I_{\text{DS}}=24\text{A}$	-	24	34	$\text{nC}$
Gate-source charge(note 3,4)	$Q_{\text{gs}}$		-	4.2	6	
Gate-drain charge(note 3,4)	$Q_{\text{gd}}$		-	13	18	
Single pulse avalanche energy	$E_{\text{AS}}$	$V_{\text{DD}}=25\text{V}, L=0.1\text{mH}, I_{\text{AS}}=24\text{A}$	31	-	-	$\text{mJ}$
Continuous source current	$I_s$	$V_{\text{GS}}=V_{\text{DS}}=0\text{V}$ , force current	-	-	90	A
Pulsed source current (note 3)	$I_{\text{SM}}$		-	-	360	A
Diode forward voltage(note 3)	$V_{\text{SD}}$	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_s=1\text{A}, T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$	-	-	1	V
Reverse recovery time	$t_{\text{rr}}$	$V_{\text{DS}}=30\text{V}, I_s=1\text{A},$ $di/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	-	-	$\text{nS}$
	$Q_{\text{rr}}$		-	-	-	$\text{nC}$

Note:1: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by max junction temperature.

2:  $V_{\text{DD}}=25\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, L=0.1\text{mH}, I_{\text{AS}}=50\text{A}, R_g=25\Omega$ , starting  $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$

3: The data tested by pulsed, pulse width  $\leq 300\text{us}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$

4: Essentially independent of operating temperature.

## 7. Test circuits and waveforms

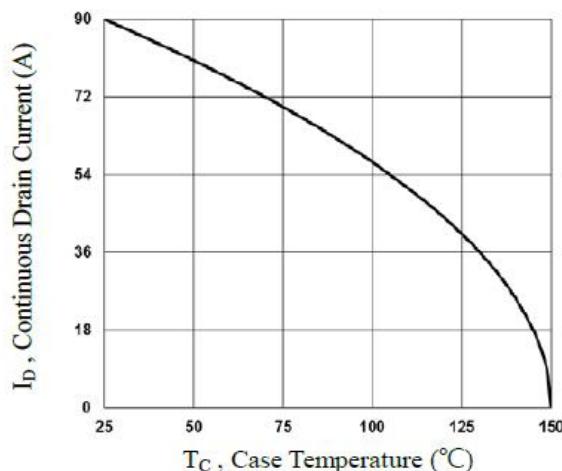


Fig.1 Continuous drain current vs. Tc

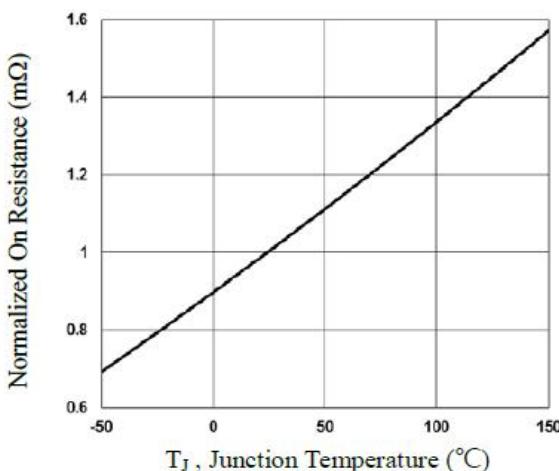


Fig.2 Normalized RDSON vs. TJ

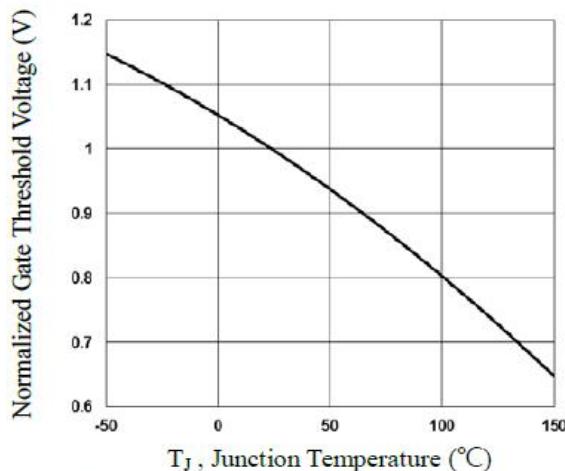


Fig.3 Normalized Vth vs. TJ

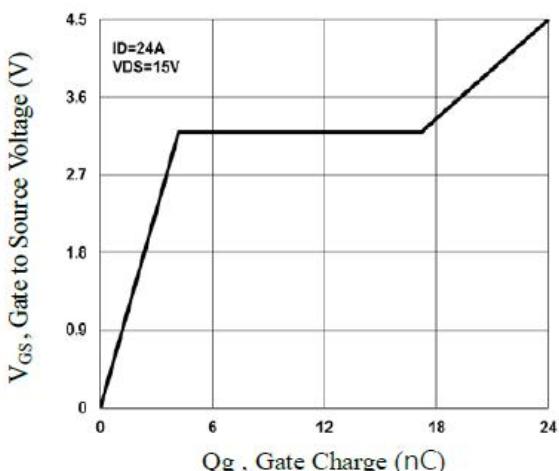


Fig.4 Gate charge waveform

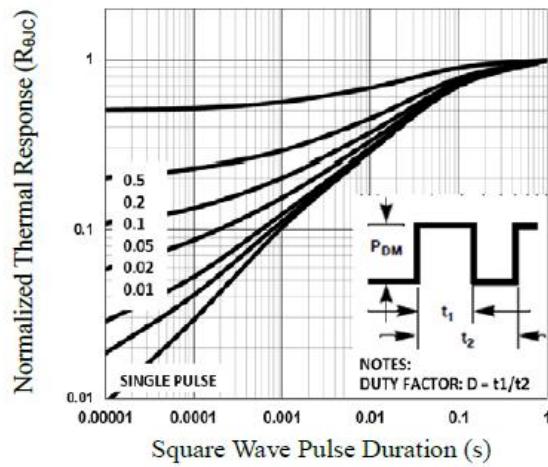


Fig.5 Normalized transient impedance

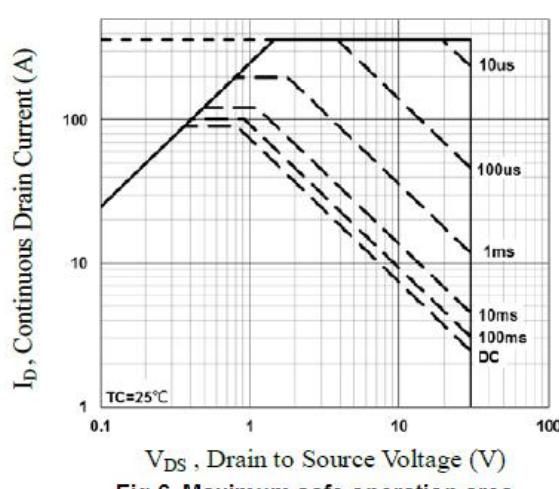
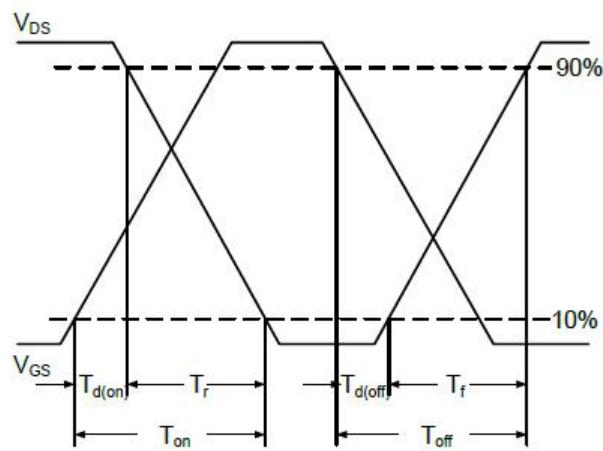
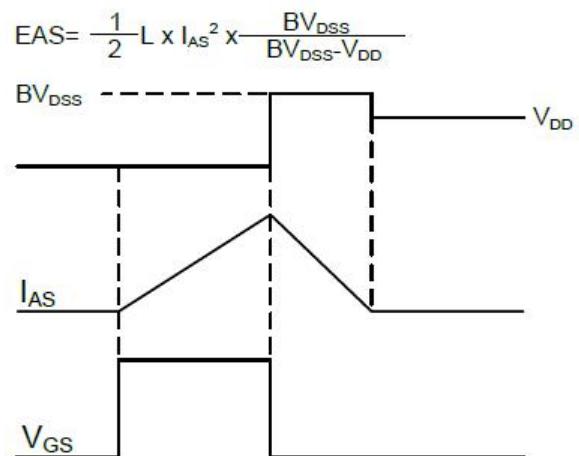


Fig.6 Maximum safe operation area



**Fig.7** Switching time waveform



**Fig.8** EAS waveform